



IDEA ALIGNMENT PROTOCOL

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Conversence

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IDEA ALIGNMENT PROTOCOL SCOPE

Language is ambiguous: statements are in many-to-many references to ideas.

Ideas cannot be captured, they exist in the social dance of statement alignment

Global addressability space for the relationship between statements and ideas

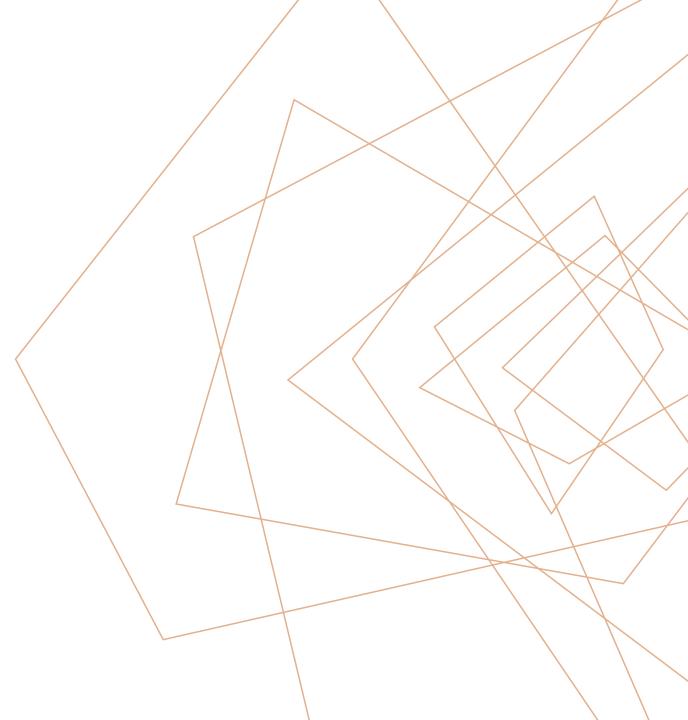
What's an idea?

- Entities
- Categories
- Predicates
- Relations
- Schemata
- Inference heuristics
- Linguistic elements

• ...

CATEGORICALLY, FOCUS ON BASIC RELATIONSHIPS

- An idea **REFERS** to other ideas
- An idea may have a structure
- An idea may **REFINE** another idea
- An idea may have a name



BASIC MOVES

1. Posit a statement

- It may have a label, and act as a definition
- It may have references (labels) to composing ideas
- It may be endorsed (out of scope)

2. Assert a refinement relationship

- A is more specific than B (A⊆B)
- 2. A is equivalent to B (A \sim B)
- 3. Neither (eg disjoint, symmetric difference)

Note: assert, deny or agnotic.

3. Posit a distinction based on a refinement predicate

- More formal: Assert a predicate that classifies concepts in B into disjoint categories A₁, A₂, ... A_n
- It may be a partial function, as ideas evolve.
- The predicates are themselves ideas, and the coverage induces a refinement relationship.
- The predicate's domain may be a power set or even a distribution. We should still be able to infer disjointness.

COMPOSITE MOVES

Counter-examples to $A \subseteq B$ are positing $C \subseteq A$, $\neg C \subseteq B$

Interpretation is proposing a refinement of an idea, possibly with more explicit references to composing ideas

Idea evolution can be traced to successive re-definitions

Equivalence is symmetric refinement: $A \subseteq B \land B \subseteq A \rightarrow A \sim B$

This induces equivalence classes under refinement as proxy for ideas

Refinement induces a lattice of idea proxies, as in Formal Concept Analysis

SOCIAL COMPUTATIONS

- Refinement and distinctions can be adopted and contested.
- This gives us two derived scores: popularity (a+c) and controversy (|a-c|).
- Idea proxies are now defined as equivalence classes of popular, uncontroversial equivalence class of statements.
- Statements involved in multiple distinct, popular idea proxies are ambiguous
- Statements involved in controversial distinctions can also be said to be controversial
 - This is purely a controversy about the definition, not the idea endorsement. Fascism can be well-defined.
- Important derived protocol move: ambiguous and controversial statements should call for a distinction. Negotiate controversial distinctions.

VISION: FEDERATION OF TOOLS FOR THOUGHT

- Distribute and federate the social computations
- Resolve statements or terms to (a list of) popular, uncontroversial idea proxies
- Resolve idea proxy identifier to popular contributing statements and distinctions (lattice neighbourhood)
- 4. Identify controversies





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https://hyperknowledge.org/idea-alignment-protocol.html